In the early 1950s, residents of Roger’s First Addition in West Seattle decided they needed a community club to improve and protect the neighborhood. They chose the name “Roxhill” to define their location on the hill north of Roxbury Street. After organizing their club, the members focused on two priorities: acquiring a neighborhood playground and a school for the 140 children in their four-square-block area.

While investigating a possible site, the community group stumbled upon a vacant block of city-owned land that had been deeded over by King County in 1937 for a small airport that never materialized. In August 1954, the Seattle City Council granted the community a ten-year lease on the property for a playground. At an October 2, 1954 meeting of the Seattle School Board and parks department, a proposal for a school and a five-acre playfield on the site was announced. The community relinquished its lease so this proposal could move forward.

A number of portable classrooms were moved onto the newly cleared 3.1-acre site at (S)W Roxbury and 28th Avenue SW in summer 1955. The school opened on September 7 with 237 pupils as an annex to Gatewood. The next autumn two more portables were added, along with an office portable, to accommodate an additional 100 students, some from newly annexed Roxbury Heights. Still another portable was needed in fall 1957 as enrollment climbed to 437.
After serving as vice-principal at Roxhill during the school’s first year, Harrison Caldwell advanced to principal in 1956 and became the Seattle School District’s first African-American principal. The school was officially named Roxhill Elementary on February 7, 1957.

The pattern of adding portables to handle increased enrollment was broken in 1958 when a permanent building opened for approximately 500 students. The sprawling single-story structure is wood frame with brick veneer. In 1971, two classrooms were combined to provide room for a learning resource center.

Roxhill became a K–3 school in 1979 and formed a triad with Dunlap (K, 4–6) and Fauntleroy (K–3) in accordance with the district’s desegregation plan. Alternative Education #4 began in portables at Roxhill in September 1992 with 77 students in grades K–3. Parents actively worked to establish this first alternative school in West Seattle as a child-centered place. In September 1993, AE #4 moved to Boren and the following year it went to Genesee Hill.

Roxhill boasts an award-winning handbell choir, which has been directed by the same teacher for 25 years. About 75 students are involved in a year-long study of Native American cultures of the Northwest and the salmon industry. Roxhill also maintains business partnerships with the Museum of Flight, Washington Mutual (with a weekly student banking program), and Saturn.