

# RATIONALE and DESCRIPTION OF SURVEY CONTENT

## **Washington State Healthy Youth Survey 2016**

This document describes the content, development, and design of the survey. It then provides the importance of and rationale for including each of the survey questions by topic area.

## **Survey Content Overview**

The Washington State Healthy Youth Survey (HYS) 2014 contains questions related to:

- Student demographic information (e.g., age, grade level, race/ethnic background).
- Unintentional and intentional injury (e.g., depression/suicide, fighting, and weapon carrying).
- Physical activity and dietary behaviors (e.g., fruit and vegetable consumption).
- Alcohol, tobacco, and other drug use.
- Related risk and protective factors (including community, school, and peer-individual factors).
- Access to school-based services.
- Sexual behavior (schools can remove these questions from their surveys).

## **Survey Development**

Prior to every administration of the HYS, survey questions are reviewed and modified to fit state and local needs. Staff from the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI), the Department of Health (DOH), the Department of Social and Health Services' Division of Behavioral Health and Recovery (DBHR), Department of Commerce (COM), and the Liquor and Cannabis Board (LCB) have collaborated on the content of the survey. Representatives from local health jurisdictions, schools, ESDs, community mobilization, the prevention/intervention field, and the University of Washington were also invited to be involved in shaping the content of the survey.

#### **Optional Survey Questions**

Optional questions about sexual behavior, sexual orientation, and sexual abuse are on the "tear-off" portion of the survey. They are on a perforated page that can be removed is schools do not want to ask these questions. Examples of these optional questions are also included in this document.

## **Survey Forms**

For Grades 8, 10, and 12, there are two variations of the survey, Form A and Form B. Forms A and B each have a tear-off page with optional questions.

Having Forms A/B allows the inclusion of more questions than otherwise possible while ensuring that the survey is not too long. Within a single class, Forms A and B are interleaved such that each student gets one survey, either A or B. Forms A/B include optional questions on a "tear-off" page of the survey..

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There are 33 questions that are "core," meaning they are on all of the forms for grades 8, 10 and 12.

The survey forms come to the school in packages that are alternated Form A, Form B, Form B, etc—so that every other student takes a different form A-B-A-B.

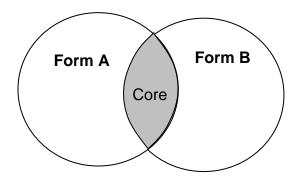
#### Form A primarily contains:

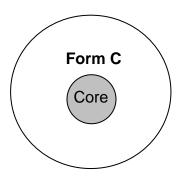
- Demographics (core)
- Alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs (core)
- Violence-related items (core)
- School (core), individual, and peerindividual risk and protective factors
- Depression (core)

#### Form B primarily contains:

- Demographics (core)
- Alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs (core)
- School risk and protective factors (core)
- Violence-related items (core)
- Nutrition and physical activity
- Safety behaviors
- Depression/suicide

For Grade 6 there is only one version of the survey, Form C. Form C is a shortened and simplified combination of both Forms A and B. The figure shows how Forms A and B have separate questions, but also have core questions on both surveys. Form C is a single form that has some individual and core questions from Forms A and B.





## **Survey Question Sources**

Survey questions are chosen from previous Washington survey instruments or national established and tested surveys. New questions added to the HYS are field tested with students.

#### Form A questions primarily come from:

- Communities that Care Survey
- Monitoring the Future
- Recommendations from DBHR, OSPI, and the University of Washington

## Forms B questions primarily come from:

- Youth Risk Behavior Survey
- Youth Tobacco Survey
- Recommendations from DOH, OSPI, and local health jurisdictions

## **Survey Questions and Rationale**

Sample survey questions and their rationale are presented by category below. An asterisk (\*) indicates the question is also included on Form C (Grade 6). A double asterisk (\*\*) indicates the question is also included on Form C, but the wording is simplified. A superscript E (\*) indicates that the question is from the enhanced version of the survey.

## **Demographic Questions**

Gathering basic demographic information helps to verify that the students participating in the survey are representative of the statewide student population in these grades. In addition, basic background information allows for examination of trends and differences in these health risk behaviors among students of varying background characteristics.

#### Sample questions:

- How old are you?\*
- How do you describe yourself: American Indian or Alaskan Native, Asian or Asian American, Black or African-American, Hispanic or Latino/Latina, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, White or Caucasian, or Other?\*

## **Unintentional Injury Behavior Questions**

Unintentional injury is the leading cause of death for Washington residents aged 1 to 44. Some of the target behaviors of interest in the HYS life vest use, water safety, texting while driving, , and drinking and driving.

State and local health jurisdictions run programs to increase awareness around water safety life vests and about the dangers of drunk and distracted driving. These programs strive to prevent injuries and death from motor vehicle and boating accidents.

#### Sample question:

During the past 30 days, how many times did you ride in a car or other vehicle driven by someone who had been drinking alcohol?\*\*

## Intentional Injury Behavior Questions

Intentional injury behaviors of interest include fighting, weapon carrying, and suicidal thoughts and behaviors. Suicide is the second leading cause of death among 15- to 24-year-olds in Washington. Fighting, weapon carrying, and attempted suicide are health risk behaviors associated with threats to personal safety, future injury, and death.

#### Sample question:

During the past 30 days, on how many days did you carry a gun? (Do not include carrying a gun while hunting.)

## Safety and Violent Behavior Questions

Reducing violent behaviors such as bullying, harassment, physical abuse, and dating violence are important goals of state and local programs. Current federal and state goals for public health and education include the assurance of "safe and drug-free schools and communities" to promote student learning. The HYS includes questions designed to determine student safety and the extent to which students engage in selected violent behaviors.

#### Sample question:

A student is being bullied when another student, or group of students, say or do nasty or unpleasant things to him or her. It is also bullying when a student is teased repeatedly in a way he or she doesn't like. It is NOT bullying when two students of about the same strength argue or fight. In the last 30 days, how often have you been bullied?\*

## Alcohol, Tobacco, and Other Drug Use

One of the target behaviors of interest in the HYS is the extent to which students have used—and are using—alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs. Asking these questions again maintains seamless local and statewide assessments of changes in patterns of substance use over time for Washington's students. Further, these questions provide important data-driven direction for prevention both locally and across the state.

Other core items of the HYS measure cigarette smoking, alcohol and drug use, and physical fighting. Tobacco use is considered the most important preventable cause of death in the United States, and many smokers begin smoking in adolescence. Both alcohol and drug use (especially heavy use) are associated with other problem behaviors in youth such as school failure and delinquency.

## Sample questions:

- During the past 30 days, on how many days did you: Drink a glass, can, or bottle of alcohol (beer, wine, wine coolers, hard liquor)?\*
- During the past 30 days, on how many days did you smoke cigarettes?\*

#### Access to School-Based Services

Schools are increasingly perceived as a clearinghouse for students to access services. When schools do provide these services, students must be aware of their availability. Therefore, the HYS includes questions related to access to services.

#### Sample questions:

- Does your school have a counselor?
- Did you have any contact with the counselor?

#### Physical Activity and Dietary Behavior Questions

Exercise and physical activity have both immediate and long-term benefits. Proper nutrition is essential for health and well-being. The combination of moderate physical activity and proper nutrition contributes to maintaining a healthy weight.

## Sample questions:

- Did you eat breakfast today?\*
- In the past 7 days, on how many days were you physically active for a total of at least 60 minutes per day? (Add up all the time you spent in any kind of physical activity that increases your heart rate or makes you breathe hard some of the time)\*

#### Health Status and Health Care

The Healthy People 2010 objectives emphasize the importance of health education and access to health care services for preventing disease and minimizing the long-term effects of disease. The HYS includes questions on physical and mental disabilities, asthma, and diabetes. Questions are also asked about access to health care and health-related education in schools.

## Sample question:

Has a doctor or nurse ever told you that you have asthma?\*

#### Risk and Protective Factors

Risk factors are characteristics of individuals and their families, schools, and communities that make them more vulnerable to ill health and poor lifestyle choices. Similarly, protective factors exert a positive influence or buffer against the negative influence of risk in these social environments.

The HYS includes many questions directly related to health, but most of the risk and protective factors measured in the survey are associated with behaviors such as substance use, violence, and staying in school. The presence of multiple risk factors predicts an increased likelihood that an individual will engage in these behaviors, whereas the presence of protective factors helps to buffer the effect of risk factors and increase resilience.

These questions relate to the students themselves, their peers, their families, their schools, and the communities in which they live. Past survey responses have highlighted the important relationships that guide school prevention and intervention programs across the state.

## **Community Risk Factors**

These risk factors include laws and norms favorable towards drug use, perceived availability of drugs, perceived availability of handguns, and low neighborhood attachment.

• There are adults in my neighborhood I could talk to about something important.

## **Community Protective Factors**

These protective factors include opportunities for prosocial involvement and rewards for prosocial involvement.

 Which of the following activities for people your age are available in your community?: Sports teams and recreation

## **School Risk Factors**

These factors include academic failure and low commitment to school.

Think back over the past year in school. How often did you enjoy being in school?\*

#### **School Protective Factors**

These factors include opportunities for prosocial involvement and rewards for prosocial involvement.

I feel safe at my school.\*

#### Peer-Individual Risk Factors

These factors include early initiation of drug use, early initiation of antisocial behavior, favorable attitudes toward drug use, perceived risk of drug use, friends' use of drugs, rewards for antisocial involvement, intentions to use, and interactions with antisocial peers.

 How much do you think people risk harming themselves if they: Smoke one or more packs of cigarettes per day?\*

#### **Peer-Individual Protective Factors**

These factors include social skills, belief in the moral order, interaction with prosocial peers, and prosocial involvement.

 Think about your four best friends (the friends you feel closest to). In the past year (12 months), how many of your best friends have... Participated in clubs, organizations, or activities at school?\*

## **Family Risk Factors**

These factors include poor family management.

My parents ask if I've gotten my homework done.

## **Family Protective Factors**

These factors include opportunities for prosocial involvement and rewards for prosocial involvement.

• If you skipped school, would you be caught by your parents?

## Sexual Orientation, Behavior, and Abuse - Optional questions

Sexual behavior questions can provide useful information for how and where to target appropriate interventions for preventing pregnancy and sexually transmitted diseases with limited resources. It can also provide useful information in reshaping social norms by giving students who have not had sex an opportunity to be represented and providing all students with an accurate representation of the fact that not all teenagers are sexually active. Premature sexual behavior is associated with a variety of other health risk behaviors so the information can be used to generate support for other school and community-based services and programs, not just sexual health education.

#### Sexual Orientation Question:

 Which of the following best describes you? (Heterosexual (straight); Gay or lesbian, Bisexual, Not sure)

#### Sexual Behavior Questions:

- How old were you when you had sexual intercourse for the first time? (I have never had sexual intercourse; 11 years or younger; 12 years old, 13 years old, 14 years old, 15 years old, 16 years old, 17 years old or older). This question will also be used to determine how many youth have ever had sexual intercourse.
- With how many people have you ever had sexual intercourse? (I have never had sexual intercourse; 1 person; 2 people, 3 people, 4 people, 5 people; 6 or more people)
- The last time you had sexual intercourse, did you or your partner use a condom? (I have never had sexual intercourse, No, Yes)

#### Sexual Abuse Question:

 Have you ever been in a situation where someone made you engage in kissing, sexual touch or intercourse when you did not want to? (No, Yes)

Note that schools can remove the sex-related questions above.

#### **Validity and Honesty**

Two questions are included to help determine how honestly youth answer the survey. These questions, along with other consistency checks, are used to determine if surveys are valid.

#### Sample question:

How honest were you in filling out this survey?\*