Peeling the Onion: Equity in Highly Capable (HiCap)

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Agenda

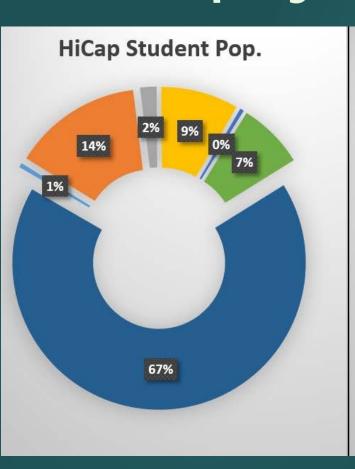
- Current equity situation
- Identification
 - Outdated practices
 - What would be better
- Access to services
 - Outdated practices
 - ▶ What would be better
- ▶ Funding
- ▶ The root cause

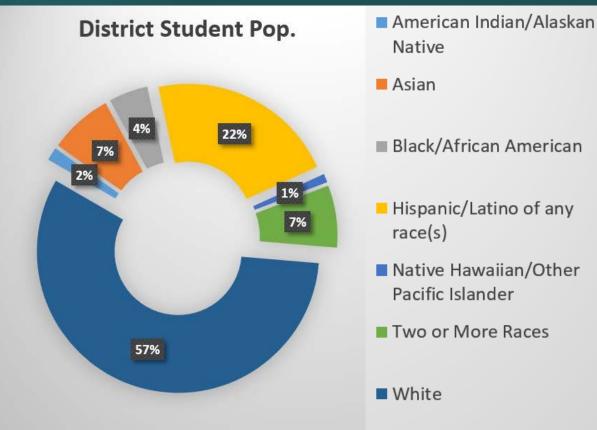
The Equity Problem - National





The Equity Problem - WA State



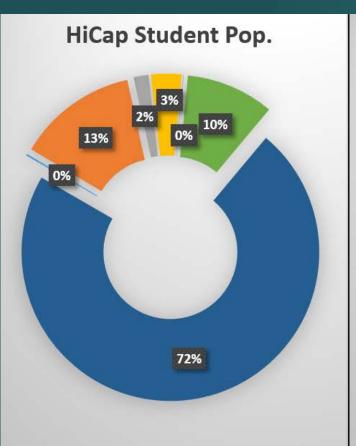


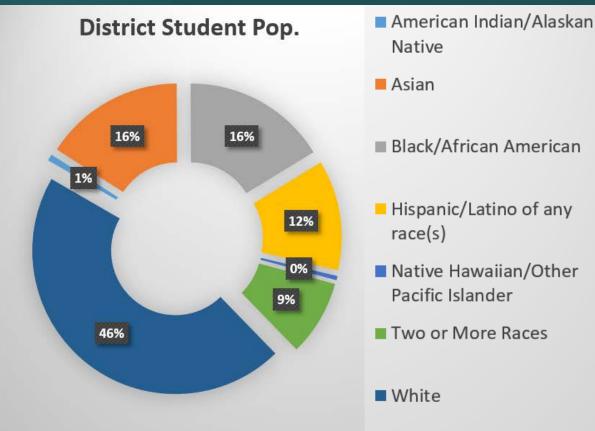
The Equity Problem - WA State

| | % of Statewide Enrollment | % of HiCap Enrollment |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Free or Reduced Price Meals | 45.0% | 21.2% |
| Section 504 | 2.7% | 3.7% |
| Special Education | 13.4% | 2.4% |

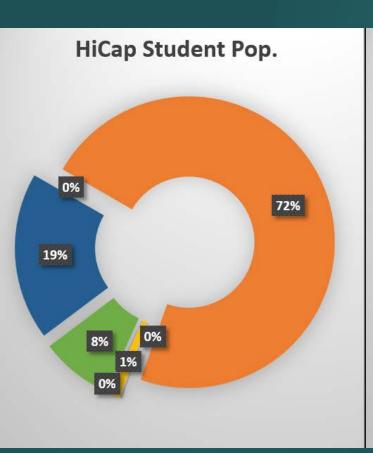
OSPI data: http://www.k12.wa.us/HighlyCapable/HiCapPLUS/2014-15StudentReport.xlsx

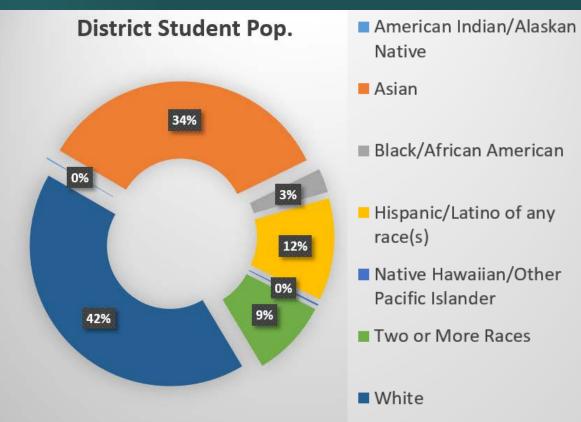
The Equity Problem - Seattle



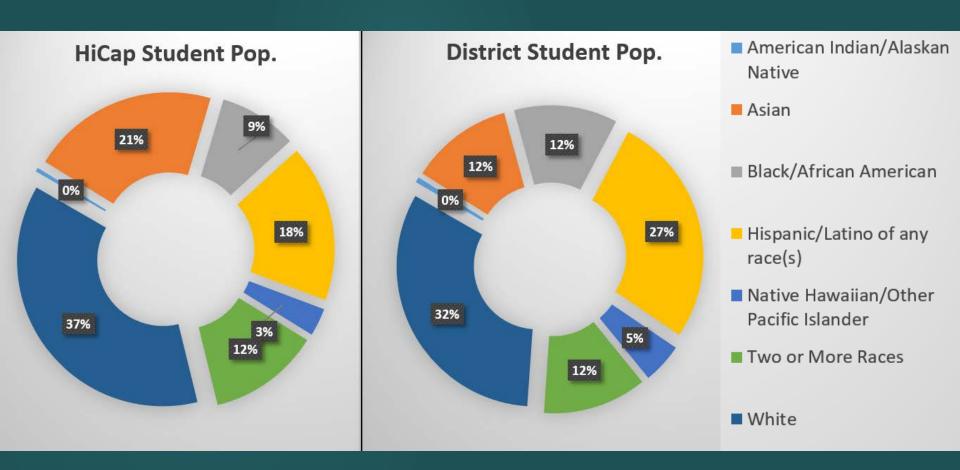


Across the lake: Bellevue





A ray of hope: Federal Way



What is Federal Way Doing Differently?

- ▶ Universal screening in 2nd grade in all schools
- District data-sweep (and call downs)
- Several years of investment in more rigorous curriculum elementary through high school
 - ▶ And learning from some false starts...

Equity: A complex problem with many layers...



1st Layer: Outdated, biased identification practices





Outdated Practices

Relying on parents, community members and/or teachers to nominate students for testing

Using the words "Nominate" or "Application"

What Would Be Better...

- Universal screening ALL students in a grade level
- District "data sweep"
- Referrals are the backup plan
- ► Example: Federal Way

Use value-neutral language: "Refer" and "Referral"



Outdated Practices

What Would Be Better...

Testing only in English

Administer screener & tests in student's native language

Consider fast rate of language acquisition as a valid HiCap identifier for ELL students



Outdated Practices

Conducting HiCap testing as a "special event" outside of the student's home school, in large sessions on Saturdays, or after school hours

What Would Be Better...

Conduct HiCap screening and testing during the school day, in the student's home school.



Outdated Practices

Using Group-administered cognitive & achievement tests

What Would Be Better...

Administer one-on-one whenever there is reason to believe a student might need it

(not just for IEPs/504s)

Example: Highline SD



Outdated Practices

Waiting until 2nd grade to "really" identify HiCap students

What Would Be Better...

- Prioritize identifying in Kindergarten and 1st grade to minimize further widening of the opportunity gap.
- Use performance-based assessments as a data point



Outdated Practices

- Having hard cut-off scores, matrixes, or entrance criteria for HiCap programs
- Using high grades as HiCap entrance criteria

Relying on appeals to catch mistakes in the identification process

What Would Be Better...

- Use a portfolio-based approach, using diverse types of data points and professional judgment.
- Both age-normed and grade-normed scores.
- Normalize known biases in the tests being used.
- Proactively gather more data when a student has ambiguous scores. Do not rely on parents to appeal.



Outdated Practices

Once-a-year testing process, with no leniency for missing deadlines.

What Would Be Better...

Allow students to be nominated at any time of year, and have a process for rolling admissions.



Outdated Practices

What Would Be Better...

Not providing practice tests to all students Have ALL students do a guided practice test before being screened or assessed.



Outdated Practices

 "Public notice" style of communication about the Highly Capable program

What Would Be Better...

- Provide communityspecific communication to respect both language and cultural norms.
- Advertise the program proactively.
- Help families understand the benefits of HiCap programs so that they actually accept HiCap placement.



Outdated Practices

Multi-disciplinary selection committees that do not reflect the district population, and do not have HiCap subject matter expertise

What Would Be Better...

- Members of the committee should represent the district population in gender, race, and ethnicity.
- All members of the committee must have sufficient expertise about HiCap and Twice Exceptional students, and be up-to-date on the best practices for identification.



Outdated Practices

Qualifying HiCap students based on available space

What Would Be Better...

Create HiCap program space for every qualified student. We shouldn't be that surprised...

Our identification processes favor families who can navigate a complex system.

That is exactly who we see reflected in our HiCap programs.

2nd Layer: Even if identification was perfect, equity of access...





Outdated Practices

Not providing transportation, or only providing limited transportation, such as with a shuttle and hubs.

What Would Be Better...

Provide full transportation to all students.



Outdated Practices

Being the only student of color, or one of very few girls in a HiCap classroom.

What Would Be Better...

- Schedule a big campaign for outreach and identification in an ethnic/racial/gender group all at once. Place cluster groups together.
- Only by identifying and placing a group of HiCap students of color together can we satisfy these students' dual needs for community and acceptance.



Outdated Practices

► Teachers assigned to work with HiCap students, with little or no training about the unique needs of HiCap students

What Would Be Better...

- Provide baseline HiCap professional development for all building staff.
- Provide detailed HiCap professional development for all classroom HiCap teachers.



Outdated Practices

HiCap teachers and curriculum do not reflect the demographics of the student population

What Would Be Better...

HiCap teachers and curriculum should reflect the demographics of the students.

All teachers, including HiCap teachers, must be trained in cultural competency.



Outdated Practices

Assuming that all students have access to technology after school for homework

 Assuming that all students have access to homework help & executive function support

What Would Be Better...

- Provide technology to low-income students, or ensure that teachers do not expect access to technology for homework.
- Teachers must be extra supportive of executive function for HiCap students, all the way through middle school.

3rd Layer: Districts need Funding to Implement Better Practices





State HiCap Funding

- State funding only covers 15 to 20% of districts' actual cost of running their highly capable programs
- ► State funds ~25,000 HiCap students
 - ► 63,551 HiCap students being served today
- HiCap is an unfunded (or severely underfunded) mandate
 - ► Not unlike Special Education
- Part of McCleary, but habitually left out
- Districts are in a tight spot



- ► HiCap funding is used for:
 - ▶ Identification
 - ▶ Professional Development
- ▶ NOT: Staff, Transportation, Curriculum (usually)
- Good practices cost more

UNDER-FUNDING HiCap is DIRECTLY RESPONSIBLE FOR OUR EQUITY PROBLEM

4th Layer: Why should we spend money serving HiCap kids?





Why do we serve HiCap kids anyway?

- ▶Too hard of a problem to solve?
 - ▶Yes, it is a hard problem
 - ▶But, it's the law
 - ► Districts must identify K-12
 - And it is an essential intervention for a special needs population



Who are HiCap Kids?

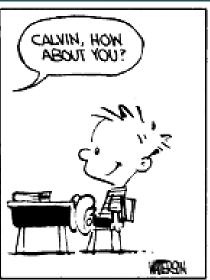


















Is it OK for school to be easy?

- If a child is allowed to "skate" through regular classrooms where they pick up the new ideas seemingly without trying, they never learn how to tackle a genuinely hard problem.
- Eventually, they find themselves in middle school geometry, or high school physics, and are faced for the very first time with a topic that is not intuitive for them—and have no experience, no strategies, and limited emotional reserves to tackle it.

(Dweck 2007, Cross 2002)

Grit is more important than IQ

- Duckworth & Seligman studied success at:
 - West Point Military Academy
 - ▶ National Spelling Bee
 - ► Adolescents: High school juniors, 8th graders
- "It wasn't social intelligence. It wasn't good looks, physical health, and it wasn't IQ. It was grit."
- "Self-discipline predicted academic performance more robustly than did IQ."
- "In our data, grit is usually unrelated or even inversely related to measures of talent."

Underachievement

- Has its roots in 1st, 2nd, 3rd grade
 - ▶ But often isn't visible until middle or high school
- ► Kids may never have to develop:
 - ▶ How to handle a real challenge
 - Persistence, perseverance, "grit"
 - Emotional coping skills
 - ► Study skills, time management skills
- Learning disabilities may be hidden until the material gets challenging enough
- ► Underachievement very difficult to reverse http://www.hoagiesgifted.org/underachievement.htm

A different developmental timetable

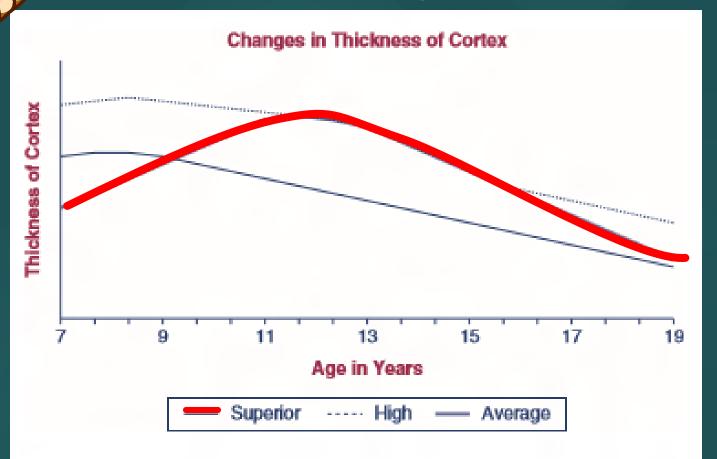


Figure 1.2 Changes in the thickness of the brain's cortex between the ages of 7 and 19 in individuals of superior, high, and average intelligence.

Source: Adapted from Shaw et al., 2006.



"Kids who had higher IQs to begin with seemed to have an extended period in adolescence during which they retained the ability to learn at a rapid pace, just like much younger children."

Angela Brant & John Hewitt, Institute for Behavioral Genetics at the University of Colorado

http://www.npr.org/blogs/health/2013/09/23/224387862/smart-teenage-brains-may-get-some-extra-learning-time

A different developmental timetable

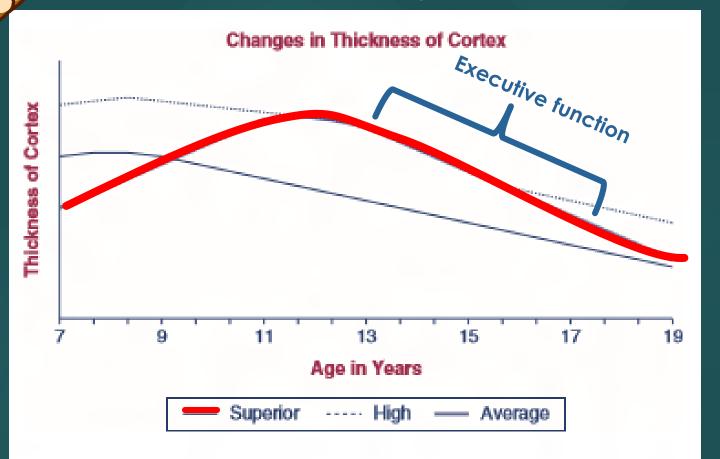


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Intensity, Sensitivity

- Over-excitabilities (OEs) super-stimulatability
 - ▶ Psychomotor
 - Sensual
 - Imaginational
 - ▶ Intellectual
 - Emotional
- ► Hard wired fMRI shows "Brains on Fire"
 - Experience a more intense reaction
 - For a longer period than normal
 - ▶ To a stimulus that may be very small

Perfectionism

- Erase a hole in the paper
- Impatient with others, aren't "doing it right"
- Meltdown at the first sign of trouble
- Can't make a decision
- Reach for impossible goals
- ▶ Hate criticism, dwell on mistakes
- Trouble accepting compliments
- Unwilling to start, afraid to try, "I don't want to"
- "Challenge Cards" in the corner of the classroom may not work...

Social mismatch

- More complex vocabulary
- ▶ More involved games, stricter rules, fairness
- ▶ Interested in niche topics, ask unusual questions
- ► Kids realize very early
 - ▶ They are somehow different
- Gravitate to older kids or adullts
- Feel like they have to "fake it" to make a friend
- ▶ Lonely, social isolation
 - Even if they have playmates
 - "No one understands me" "They don't get my jokes"

When the school doesn't fit...

- Constantly ask probing or off-topic questions
 - Annoy teacher & other kids
- ▶ Trouble socializing with other kids
- Dumb themselves down to "fit in"
 - ▶ Consciously or subconsciously
 - Particularly gifted girls going "underground"
- Increasingly introverted
- ▶ Become the class clown
 - ▶ Or the dreamer, the loner, or the victim...
 - Or the A+ student!



HiCap children have better social adjustment in classes with children like themselves.

The brighter the child, the lower his or her social self-concept is likely to be in the regular classroom.

Social self-concept improves when children are placed with cognitive peers in special classes.

http://www.gifteddevelopment.com/articles/what-we-have-learned-about-gifted-children



HiCap programs help emotionally

It's not uncommon for a HiCap kid to cry in class over a frustration – even in 6th grade

... in a typical classroom, this can be socially limiting

... in a HiCap classroom, this is par for the course

Grouping HiCap kids together helps normalize their emotional challenges, OEs, perfectionism

... in a typical classroom, they feel different, their challenges can become pathologized



Why not put one HiCap kid in each classroom? Doesn't that help other kids?

- ▶ HiCap kids are NOT role models
- When other kids look at the natural abilities of HiCap students, they only get discouraged that there's no way they could possibly "catch up."
- When HiCap learners are removed from the classroom, other bright kids step up and become more meaningful classroom leaders.

(Delisle & Galbraith, 2003; Winebrenner and Devlin, 2001; Shunk 1998)



Won't kids get arrogant if they are put in a HiCap program?

Actually, when kids are among true peers they are no longer the smartest kid in the room

- ▶ Humble
- Get challenged by peers
- ▶ Develop true self-confidence, self-reliance

Kids realized they were different in preschool or kindergarten...they <u>already</u> know.



Smart is NOT Easy

Emotionally – Socially – Academically

Grit – Executive Function

Why do we serve HiCap kids?

- They are a special needs population
- Without intervention they are at risk
- ▶ Nurturing the WHOLE CHILD
- ► NOT:
 - ▶ To create eminent leaders (Einstein, Steve Jobs, ...)
 - ▶ To send more kids to Harvard, Stanford, MIT...
 - ► To nurture child prodigies
 - ▶ To increase our international math ranking
 - ► To improve the US economy



HiCap is not a prize, it's a WHOLE CHILD intervention

We have a moral duty to identify **EVERY** HiCap student

Our most vulnerable populations need it the most

This is a social justice issue



"When provisions are denied to the gifted on the basis that they are "elitist," it is the poor who suffer the most. The rich have other options."

- Dr. Linda Silverman